



Senior First Aid

As a Girl Scout Senior, you're on the go—home, school, clubs, activities. Wherever you are, you never know when you'll find yourself in the middle of an emergency. Would you know what to do? In this badge, find out how to differentiate between minor and major injuries, provide emergency treatment in some life-threatening situations, and share important information about injuries and illnesses.

Steps

1. Find out how to perform triage
2. Know how to help a head or neck injury
3. Learn how to use everyday objects to make splints
4. Recognize the signs of drug overdose and alcohol poisoning
5. Share your knowledge with others

Purpose

When I've earned this badge, I'll know how to give first aid for life-threatening injuries and illnesses.

Keep cool. The only way to do this effectively is to learn beforehand what to do and how to do it. Then you are not frightened and can do readily and with coolness whatever is necessary to be done.

— Girl Scout Handbook, 1930

Every step has three choices. Do ONE choice to complete each step. Inspired? Do more!

Triage:

The process of sorting patients based on the severity of their injuries.



More to Explore

Mock emergency drill.

With the help of a medical professional or qualified first responder, organize a mock emergency drill for your group. You could stage the aftermath of a multiple-vehicle car accident, a building collapse, a major fire, or a natural disaster such as a hurricane or tornado. Assign some people to be victims and give them different types of injuries. Designate others to do triage and offer first aid. After you're done, discuss how you did with your expert and find ways you could have improved your response.

Tip Before Takeoff

When you've earned this badge, you'll be able to help people in serious situations. But you can actually hurt the people you are trying to help if you don't have top-notch first aid skills. For that reason, you *must* take a first aid course and become CPR certified as part of this badge (in step 1, step 2, or step 3).

STEP

1 Find out how to perform triage when several people are injured

In a major emergency, more than one person may be injured and need your help. In that case, you'll have to perform triage to figure out the order in which you treat the injured.

CHOICES – DO ONE:

- Interview emergency room doctors and nurses.** Find out how they decide who to treat first when they have many people with injuries. Ask them to tell you how you could do the same thing, and then create a triage checklist to share with others.

OR

- Take a first aid course.** Find one through your Girl Scout council, the Red Cross, or a community organization that teaches how to prioritize care for multiple victims with different types of injuries.

OR

- Talk to an emergency medical technician (EMT) or first responder.** Ask about an emergency situation they faced and how they decided whom to treat first in a situation with multiple victims. Ask them to tell you how you could do the same thing, and then create a triage checklist.

STEP

2 Know how to help a head or neck injury

Head and neck injuries require special care and can complicate CPR or rescue breathing. Find out about assisting a victim until help arrives, including how to avoid making the injury worse.

CHOICES – DO ONE:

- Take a first aid course.** Find one from the Red Cross or a community organization that covers head and neck injuries.

OR

- Take a lifeguarding course.** Find one that covers head and neck injuries.

OR

- Talk to a professional.** Ask a doctor, nurse, or qualified first responder to show you how to care for head or neck injuries.

STEP

3 Learn how to use everyday objects to make splints

If you're caught in a natural disaster or are in a remote location, you may have to improvise as you offer help to others. Research how to use common materials to make splints, then do one of the activities below.

CHOICES – DO ONE:

Practice making splints at a meeting. Bring a variety of common materials—things you might have around the house or in your car—and set them up at stations around your Girl Scout meeting room. With your friends, divide into pairs and go to separate stations. Practice using the materials to make different kinds of splints. When you're finished, share what was easy and difficult about the exercise.

OR

Ask an expert. Invite an emergency first responder to show you and your Senior friends how to make splints, then take turns trying it out. Ask your guest to give feedback on how well you did and tips for making a splint in the middle of an emergency situation.

OR

Research how to make splints from everyday objects. Then ask your family to help you practice this skill in real life. Notice which objects are easiest to make into splints and which are the hardest. Ask your family to give you feedback about how well they think you did.

STEP

4 Recognize the signs of drug overdose and alcohol poisoning

If someone has overdosed on drugs or had so much to drink that they're suffering from alcohol poisoning, that person's life could be in danger. Learn how to recognize the warning signs and how to care for the person until help arrives.

CHOICES – DO ONE:

Interview a police officer. Find one who often deals with teen drug and alcohol emergencies.

OR

Visit an emergency room. Interview a doctor, nurse, or EMT.

OR

Watch a presentation. Invite a qualified speaker to talk to your group by calling organizations such as Mothers Against Drunk Driving or Students Against Drunk Driving.

Careers to Explore

- Military doctor
- Pharmacy aide
- Alcohol and substance abuse counselor
- Dental hygienist
- CPR instructor
- Speech therapist
- Day care owner
- Biomedical engineer
- Nurse
- Psychologist
- Physical education teacher
- Sleep technician
- Public health educator
- Medical illustrator
- Social worker

STEP 5 Share your knowledge with others

When you can teach what you've learned, you know you're on the way to mastering a skill.

CHOICES – DO ONE:

- Give a presentation to younger Girl Scouts.** If they're working on their First Aid badge, you may be able to help them complete a step by answering their questions.

OR

- Talk to other teens.** Tell them what you've learned about drug overdoses and alcohol poisoning. Offer tips on what they should do if they have to deal with an emergency related to drugs or alcohol.

OR

- Share with your community.** For example, you might volunteer to assist local agencies during a Disaster Preparedness Day event and to talk to community members about what you've learned.



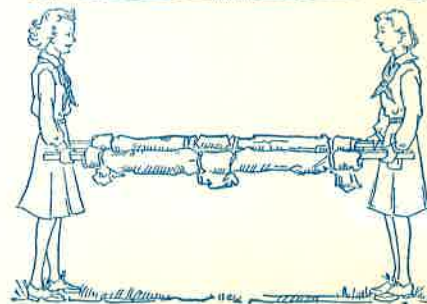
Add the Badge to Your Journeys

Your first aid skills help you be prepared for any emergencies you encounter in your Journeys or in your daily life.

Now that I've earned this badge, I can give service by:

- Educating others about the dangers of drinking or doing drugs, as well as how to get help for a drug overdose or alcohol poisoning
- Volunteering to help younger Girl Scouts earn their First Aid badges
- Being prepared to offer first aid when needed

I'm inspired to:



IMPROVISED STRETCHER MADE OF TWO COATS